Title

Abstract
The length of the abstract should be 150–250 words.

Keywords: keyword, keyword, keyword, keyword, keyword

1. Introduction

This is the first paragraph written in Times New Roman 11 and without indentation. Note that one line has been skipped immediately after the heading.

The second paragraph is different because it is indented. All subsequent paragraphs should be indented as well. Remember to skip one line before the next heading.

1.1. Theoretical background

Note that one line is skipped after second-level subheadings. Use **bold** for titles and first- and second-level section headings only. *Italics* can be used (i) for second- and third-level subheadings, (ii) in the main text for highlighting essential information, and (iii) in linguistic examples, as specified below. Do not underline.

1.1.1. The data
The text immediately follows third-level subheadings.

Below is the first linguistic example, with the language data in italics. Note that one line is skipped before and after the example.

(1)
    a. *...to attempt the civilization of the Australian aborigines* vs.
       the civilizing of the Highlands of Scotland ...
    b. *the ancient civilizations / *civilizings*

All linguistic examples must be numbered consecutively throughout the paper, using parenthesised Arabic numerals, and appear in the text as, e.g., (1) or (2b). Please do not use automatic numbering.

Non-English words used in the text of a paragraph should appear in *italics* and be glossed in single quotation marks, e.g.: *madra* 'dog', *circín* 'little chicken', *ráth* 'shoal of fish'. In examples which are not included in the text of a paragraph, a translation should be placed in the next line following the example. Format all examples with glosses as tables with the borders hidden:

(2)	*Caoinim*	*an*	*fáil*	*ar*	*bhás*	*atá*	*ag*	*gach*	*a*	*maireann.*
	cry.1SG.PRES	the	get.VN	on	death	that-is	at	every	that	live.3SG.PRES

'I lament the finding of death by everything that lives.'

Do not use spaces or tabs to separate words/morphemes in the example and the gloss (each of them should be placed in its own cell). If a word-for-word or a morpheme-by-morpheme gloss is necessary, as in (2) above, use the Leipzig Glossing Rules (see https://www.eva.mpg.de/lingua/resources/glossing-rules.php).

References

The reference section headed **References** (left-justified throughout) must be included in the paper submission and must contain all works cited in the text (and only those). They must be listed in alphabetical order of author/editor, with complete bibliographical details, including publisher. Journal and book titles must be given in full and must be italicised. Page references must be given for articles in books and journals. There should be no extra space between entries. The second and subsequent lines of each entry should be indented. Where more than one work by the same author is listed, the author's name should be repeated in each entry. Latin script must be used in the References. Latin script must be used in the References. The following conventions should be observed.

Book:

Ó Siadhail, M. 1989. *Modern Irish. Grammatical structure and dialectal variation*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
Quirk, R., and S. Greenbaum. 1973. *A university grammar of English.* London: Longman.
Quirk, R., Greenbaum, S., Leech, G., and J. Svartvik. 1985. *A comprehensive grammar of the English language.* London and New York: Longman.

Article in journal:

Anderson, S. R. 1982. Where is morphology? *Linguistic Inquiry* 13: 571–612.
Caramazza, A., A. Laudanna, and C. Burani. 1988. Lexical access and inflectional morphology. *Cognition* 28: 297–332.

Article in edited volume:

Alexiadou, A. 2009. On the role of syntactic locality in morphological processes: The case of (Greek) nominals. In A. Giannakidou, and M. Rathert (eds.), *Quantification, definiteness and nominalization*, 253–280. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
Aronoff, M. 2000. Generative grammar. In G. Booij, Ch. Lehmann, J. Mugdan, W. Kesselheim, and S. Skopeteas (eds.), *Morphology. An international handbook on inflection and word-formation*, 194–209. Berlin, New York: Walter de Gruyter.
Beard, R. 1987. Lexical stock expansion. In E. Gussmann (ed.), *Rules and the lexicon. Studies in word formation*, 23–42. Lublin: Redakcja Wydawnictw KUL.

Doctoral dissertation:

Allen, M. 1978. Morphological investigations. Ph.D. diss., Storrs, University of Connecticut.